Log Management

Based on SROC class given by Hervey Allen, Chris Evans, and Phil Regnauld 2009 Santiago, Chile





Log management and monitoring

- What is log management and monitoring ?
- It's about keeping your logs in a safe place, putting them where you can easily inspect them with tools
- Keep an eye on your log files
- They tell you something important...
 - Lots of things happen, and someone needs to keep an eye on them...
 - Not really practictal to do it by hand!

Log management and monitoring

• On your routers and switches

- Sep 1 04:40:11.788 INDIA: %SEC-6-IPACCESSLOGP: list 100 denied tcp 79.210.84.154(2167) -> 169.223.192.85(6662), 1 packet
- Sep 1 04:42:35.270 INDIA: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by pr on vty0 (203.200.80.75)
- %CI-3-TEMP: Overtemperature warning
- Mar 1 00:05:51.443: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1, changed state to down

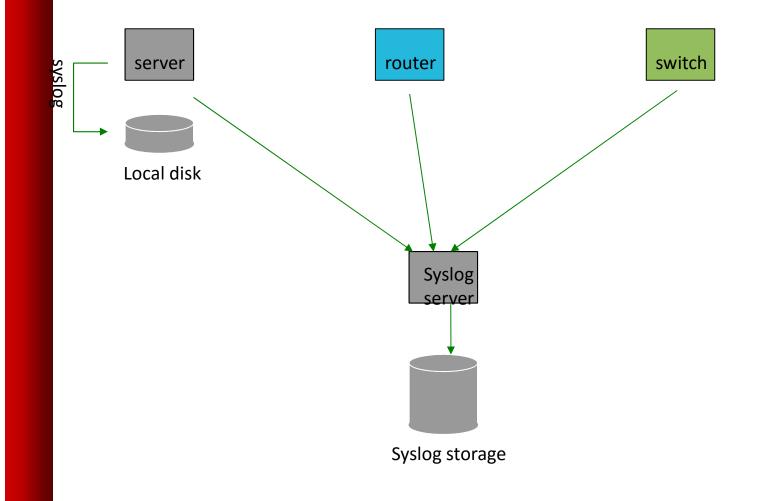
On your servers as well

- Aug 31 17:53:12 ubuntu nagios2: Caught SIGTERM, shutting down...
- Aug 31 19:19:36 ubuntu sshd[16404]: Failed password for root from 169.223.1.130 port 2039 ssh2

Log management

- First, need to centralize and consolidate log files
- Log all messages from routers, switches and servers to a single machine – a logserver
- All logging from network equipment and UNIX servers is done using syslog
- Windows can be configured to use syslog as well, with some tools
- Log locally, but also to the central server

Centralized logging



Configuring centralized logging

- Cisco equipment
 - Minimum:
 - logging ip.of.log.host
- UNIX host
 - Edit /etc/syslog.conf
 - Add a line "*.*

@ip.of.log.host"

- Restart syslogd
- Other equipments have similar options
 - Options to control facility and level

Receiving the messages

- Identify the facility that the SENDING host or device will send their message on
- Reconfigure syslogd to listen to the network (on Ubuntu/Debian: add "-r" to /etc/defaults/syslogd
- Add an entry to syslogd indicating where to write messages:
 - local7.* /var/log/routers
- Create the file:
 - touch /var/log/routers
- Restart syslogd
 - /etc/init.d/sysklogd restart

Syslog basics

- UDP protocol, port 514 •
- Syslog messages contain: •
 - Facility: Auth

			na enprir v	
	Alert (1)		Console	
	Critical	(2)		
	Error	(3)	Cron	
	Warning	(4)	Daemon	
			Ftp Notice Kern	(5)
	Info		(6) Lpr	
	Debug	(7)	News Security	

Mail

(0)

Ntp Syslog UŪCP Local0 ...Local7|

Level: Emergency

Authpriv

User

Sorting logs

- Using facility and level, sort by category into different files
- With tools like syslog-ng, sort by host, date, ... automatically into different directories
- Grep your way through the logs.
- Use standard UNIX tools to sort, and eliminate, things you want to filter out:
 - egrep -v '(list 100 denied | logging rate-limited)' mylogfile
 - Is there a way to do this automatically ?

SWATCH

- <u>Simple Log Watcher</u>
 - Monitors log files, looking for patterns ("regular expressions") to match in the logs
 - Perform a given action if the pattern is found
 - Written in Perl

Sample config

ignore /session closed for user root/

watchfor /NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH/
mail=root,subject=VLAN problem
threshold type=limit,count=1,seconds=3600

watchfor /CONFIG_I: Configured from (.*) by (.*) on (.*) (\(.*\))\$/
mail=monitoring,subject=Router config by \$2 from \$4

References

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 - http://www.balabit.com/network-security/syslog-ng/
- Windows Event Log to Syslog:
 - https://engineering.purdue.edu/ECN/Resources/Documents/UNIX/evtsys
- SWATCH log watcher
 - http://swatch.sourceforge.net/
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References

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Questions?